President's Information Technology Advisory Committee

Digital Libraries Panel

David Nagel, Chair

February 7, 2001

Digital Libraries Panel Briefing Outline

- Members
- Panel Charter
- February 24, 2000, meeting
- May 17, 2000, meeting
- September 19, 2000, meeting
- Findings and recommendations
- Next steps
 - Obtain PITAC approval
 - PITAC sends report to the President and Congress

Digital Libraries Panel Members

- Chair
 - Dave Nagel
- PITAC Members
 - Ching-chih Chen
 - Hector Garcia-Molina
 - Jim Gray
 - Bob Kahn
 - Raj Reddy

Digital Libraries Panel Charter

- Digital libraries are fundamental enabling technologies for all 10 "critical National Challenge Transformations" described in the PITAC's February 1999 report.
- The goal of this panel is to develop a technology research agenda and rationale for the digital libraries R&D that must be conducted in order to realize these transformations.

February 24, 2000, Digital Libraries Panel Briefings

Intellectual Property Rights
 Alan Inouye, CSTB

• Federal Statistics Katherine Wallman,

OMB

Digital Library for Science and James Lightbourne,

Engineering Education NSF/EHR/DUE

Geo-spatial Data
 Barbara Ryan, USGS

Biomedical Research and Health Care Milton Corn, NIH/NLM

Applications

Metadata Issues
 Clifford Lynch, CNI

• Digital Libraries R&D at NSF Michael Lesk,

NSF/CISE/IIS

May 17, 2000, Digital Libraries Panel Briefings

DL R&D at NOAA
 Bill Turnbull

• DL R&D at NASA Milt Halem

• The Interagency DL Initiative Steve Griffin, NSF

• DL for Humanities George Farr, NEH

Publishing Paper Archives on the Web Yann LeCun, AT&T Labs

Language and Information Processing
 Alexa McCray, NIH/NLM

September 19, 2000, Digital Libraries Panel Briefings

 A Vision for a Digital Library for the Physical Sciences Walter Warnick, DOE

Building on the National Digital Library
 Program: Digital Libraries within
 Libraries

Caroline Arms, Library of Congress

• Lessons Learned in Archiving the Internet

Brewster Kahle, Alexa Internet

Digital Libraries Panel Findings

- 1. Although the popularity and utility of the Internet, particularly the World Wide Web, has begun to reveal the power of digital libraries, the full potential of today's digital libraries to support the national challenge transformations has not yet been realized.
- 2. The Federal government has exercised early and significant leadership in developing digital library technologies with modest investment (e.g., in multi-agency Digital Library Initiatives and in building and providing access to libraries of scientific data). However, the Government can and should do much more to further the science, technology, and creation of digital libraries.
- 3. Libraries, museums, archives, and holders of other digital library collections face significant technical and operational challenges as they migrate to and maintain their holdings in digital form.
- 4. Intellectual property rights need to be addressed in order to facilitate the creation of and access to digital libraries.

Digital Libraries Panel Recommendations

1. Support expanded digital library research in:

Metadata and metadata use
Intellectual property rights

Scalability Privacy and security

Interoperability Human use

Archival storage and preservation

- 2. Establish large-scale digital library testbeds.
- 3. The Federal government should provide the necessary resources to make <u>all</u> public Federal material persistently available in digital form on the Internet.
- 4. The Federal government should play a leadership role in evolving policy to deal fairly with intellectual property rights in the digital age.